

# LCM ENGINEERING SPECIFICATION

| *MODEL | LC420EUH   |
|--------|------------|
| SUFFIX | SCR1-7R1   |
| Update | 2010.02.01 |

( ) Preliminary Specification

( ● ) Final Specification

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# **RECORD OF REVISIONS**

| Revision No. | Revision Date | Page | Description  |
|--------------|---------------|------|--|
| 0.1          | Oct. 18. 2009 | -    | Preliminary Specification(First Draft)                 |
| 1.0          | Jan. 28. 2010 | 6    | Changed Electrical Characteristics                     |
|              | Jan. 28. 2010 | 8    | Changed Table 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continue) |
|              | Jan. 28. 2010 | 17   | Changed power sequence (note)                          |
|              | Jan. 28. 2010 | 19   | Changed Table 9. GRAY SCALE SPECIFICATION              |
|              | Jan. 28. 2010 | 31   | LED Array Electrical Spec                              |
| 1.1          | Feb. 01. 2010 | -    | Final Specification                                    |
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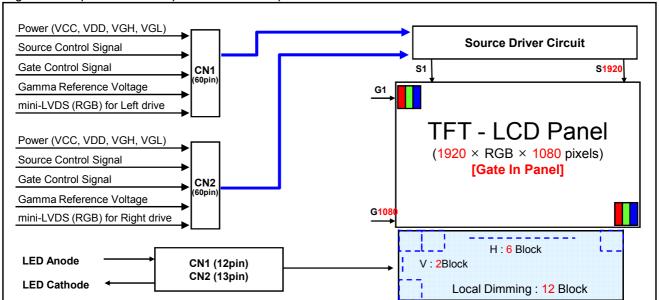
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## 1. General Description

The LC420EUH is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Light Emitting Diode (LED) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. It has a 42.02 inch diagonally measured active display area with WUXGA resolution (1080 vertical by 1920 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot. Therefore, it can present a palette of more than 16.7M(true) colors.

It is intended to support LCD TV, PCTV where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth and fast response time are important.



#### **General Features**

| Active Screen Size      | 42.02 inches(1067.31mm) diagonal  |
|-------------------------|---|
| Outline Dimension       | 973.2(H) x 566.2 (V) x 10.8 mm(B)/25.3(D) (Typ.)  |
| Pixel Pitch             | 0.4845 mm x 0.4845 mm   |
| Pixel Format            | 1920 horiz. by 1080 vert. Pixels, RGB stripe arrangement  |
| Color Depth             | 8-bit, 16.7 M colors (※ 1.06B colors @ 10 bit (D) System Output )                                     |
| Drive IC Data Interface | Source D-IC : 8-bit mini-LVDS, gamma reference voltage, and control signals Gate D-IC : Gate In Panel |
| Luminance, White        | 450 cd/m² (Center 1point ,Typ.)   |
| Viewing Angle (CR>10)   | Viewing angle free ( R/L 178 (Min.), U/D 178 (Min.))  |
| Power Consumption       | Total 98 W (Typ.) (Logic=10 W with T-CON, LED Backlight =88W @ with Driver )                          |
| Weight                  | 11.1Kg (Typ.)   |
| Display Mode            | Transmissive mode, Normally black   |
| Surface Treatment       | Hard coating (3H), Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer (Haze 10%)                             |

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## 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

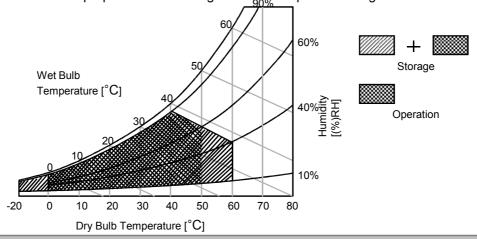
The following items are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the LCD module.

**Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS** 

| Dougraphy                  | Comple of | Va       | lue       | II mid | No.45 |
|----------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------|-------|
| Parameter                  | Symbol    | Min      | Max       | Unit   | Note  |
| Logic Power Voltage        | VCC       | -0.5     | +4.0      | VDC    |       |
| Gate High Voltage          | VGH       | +18.0    | +30.0     | VDC    |       |
| Gate Low Voltage           | VGL       | -8.0     | -4.0      | VDC    |       |
| Source D-IC Analog Voltage | VDD       | -0.3     | +18.0     | VDC    | 1     |
| Gamma Ref. Voltage (Upper) | VGMH      | ½VDD-0.5 | VDD+0.5   | VDC    |       |
| Gamma Ref. Voltage (Low)   | VGML      | -0.3     | ½ VDD+0.5 | VDC    |       |
| LED Input Voltage          | Vf        | -        | +180.0    | VDC    |       |
| Panel Front Temperature    | Tsur      | -        | +68       | °C     | 4     |
| Operating Temperature      | Тор       | 0        | +50       | °C     |       |
| Storage Temperature        | Тѕт       | -20      | +60       | °C     | 0.0   |
| Operating Ambient Humidity | Нор       | 10       | 90        | %RH    | 2,3   |
| Storage Humidity           | Hst       | 10       | 90        | %RH    |       |

Note: 1. Ambient temperature condition (Ta = 25  $\pm$  2  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  )

- 2. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be Max 39 °C and no condensation of water.
- 3. Gravity mura can be guaranteed below 40°C condition.
- 4. The maximum operating temperature is based on the test condition that the surface temperature of display area is less than or equal to 68 °C with LCD module alone in a temperature controlled chamber. Thermal management should be considered in final product design to prevent the surface temperature of display area from being over 68 °C. The range of operating temperature may degrade in case of improper thermal management in final product design.



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## 3. Electrical Specifications

## 3-1. Electrical Characteristics

It requires several power inputs. The VCC is the basic power of LCD Driving power sequence, Which is used to logic power voltage of Source D-IC and GIP.

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Parameter                                      | Symbol          | Condition       | MIN           | TYP   | MAX                    | Un<br>it | No<br>te |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-------|------------------------|----------|----------|
| Logic Power Voltage                            | VCC             | -               | 3.0           | 3.3   | 3.6                    | VDC      |          |
| Logic High Level Input Voltage                 | VIH             |                 | 2.7           |       | VCC                    | VDC      |          |
| Logic Low Level Input Voltage                  | VIL             |                 | 0             |       | 0.6                    | VDC      |          |
| Source D-IC Analog Voltage                     | VDD             | -               | 16.05         | 16.25 | 16.45                  | VDC      |          |
| Half Source D-IC Analog<br>Voltage             | H_VDD           | -               | 7.89          | 8.1   | 8.31                   | VDC      |          |
| Gamma Reference Voltage                        | $V_{GMH}$       | (GMA1 ~ GMA9)   | ½*VDD         |       | VDD-0.2                |          |          |
| Gamma Reference voltage                        | $V_{GML}$       | (GMA10 ~ GMA18) | 0.2           |       | ½*VDD                  |          |          |
| Common Voltago                                 | Vcom            | Normal          | 6.56          | 6.86  | 7.16                   | V        |          |
| Common Voltage                                 | VCOIII          | Reverse         | 6.56          | 6.86  | 7.16                   | V        |          |
| Mini-LVDS Clock frequency                      | CLK             | 3.0V≤VCC ≤3.6V  |               |       | 312                    | MHz      |          |
| mini-LVDS input Voltage (Center)               | VIB             |                 | 0.7 + (VID/2) |       | (VCC-1.2)<br>- VID / 2 | V        |          |
| mini-LVDS input Voltage<br>Distortion (Center) | ΔVIB            | Mini-LVDS Clock |               |       | 0.8                    | V        | 5        |
| mini-LVDS differential Voltage range           | VID             | and Data        | 150           |       | 800                    | mV       | 3        |
| mini-LVDS differential<br>Voltage range Dip    | ΔVID            |                 | 25            |       | 800                    | mV       |          |
| Gate High Voltage                              | VGH             | <b>@</b> 25℃    | 27.7          | 28    | 28.3                   | VDC      |          |
| Gate Flight Voltage                            | νоп             | @ 0℃            | 28.7          | 29    | 29.3                   | VDC      |          |
| Gate Low Voltage                               | VGL             |                 | -5.2          | -5.0  | -4.8                   | VDC      |          |
| GIP Bi-Scan Voltage                            | VGI_P<br>VGI_N  | -               | VGL           | -     | VGH                    | VDC      |          |
| GIP Refresh Voltage                            | VGH<br>even/odd | -               | VGL           | -     | VGH                    | V        |          |
| GIP Start Pulse Voltage                        | VST             | -               | VGL           | -     | VGH                    | V        |          |
| GIP Operating Clock                            | GCLK            | -               | VGL           | -     | VGH                    | V        |          |
| Total Power Current                            | ILCD            | -               |               | 815   | 938                    | mA       | 2        |
| Total Power Consumption                        | PLcd            | -               |               | 9.78  | 11.25                  | Watt     | 2        |

Note: 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the V<sub>LCD</sub>=12V.,  $25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C,  $f_V$ =120Hz condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and  $f_V$  is the frame frequency.

- 2. The above spec is based on the basic model.
- 3. All of the typical gate voltage should be controlled within 1% voltage level
- 4. Ripple voltage level is recommended under 10%
- 5. In case of mini-LVDS signal spec, refer to Fig 2 for the more detail.
- 6. Logic Level Input Signal: SOE,POL,GSP,H\_CONV,OPT\_N
- 7. HVDD Voltage level is half of VDD and it should be between Gamma9 and Gamma10.

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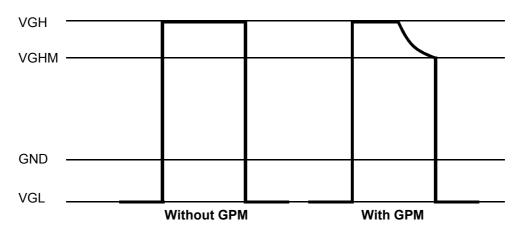


FIG. 1 Gate Output Wave form without GPM and with GPM

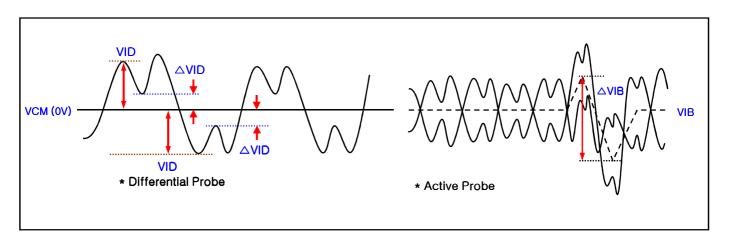


FIG. 2 Description of VID,  $\Delta$ VIB,  $\Delta$ VID

## \* Source PCB

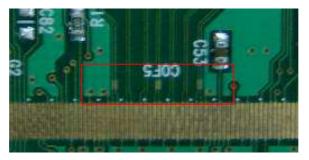


FIG. 3 Measure point

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Table 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continue)

| Parameter                  |          | Symbol                   | Values |        |       | Unit  | Note |
|----------------------------|----------|--------------------------|--------|--------|-------|-------|------|
| i aic                      | ineter   | Gymbol                   | Min    | Тур    | Max   | Oilit | Note |
| Backlight Asseml           | oly:     |                          |        |        |       |       |      |
| Forward Current            | Anode    | I <sub>F (anode)</sub>   |        | 165    |       | mAdc  | ±5%  |
| (one array)                | Cathode  | I <sub>F (cathode)</sub> | 52.25  | 55     | 57.75 | mAdc  | 2, 3 |
| Forward Voltage            |          | $V_{F}$                  | 110.2  | 117.8  | 125.4 | Vdc   | 4    |
| Forward Voltage V          | ariation | riangleV <sub>F</sub>    |        |        | 1.7   | Vdc   | 5    |
| Power Consumption          | on       | $P_BL$                   | 72.7   | 77.8   | 82.7  | W     | 6    |
| Burst Dimming Dut          | ty       | On duty                  | 1      |        | 100   | %     |      |
| Burst Dimming Frequency    |          | 1/T                      | 95     |        | 182   | Hz    | 8    |
| LED Array : (APPENDIX-III) |          |                          |        |        |       |       |      |
| Life Time                  |          |                          | 30,000 | 50,000 |       | Hrs   | 7    |

Notes: The design of the LED driver must have specifications for the LED array in LCD Assembly.

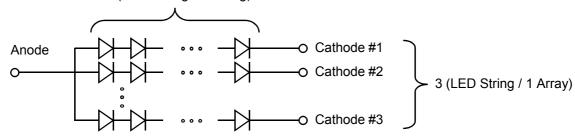
The electrical characteristics of LED driver are based on Constant Current driving type.

The performance of the LED in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the LED Driver. So, all the parameters of an LED driver should be carefully designed. When you design or order the LED driver, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the LED and the driver (no lighting, flicker, etc) has never been occurred. When you confirm it, the LCD—Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in your instrument.

- 1. Electrical characteristics are based on LED Array specification.
- 2. Specified values are defined for a Backlight Assembly. (IBL: 4 LED array, 165mA/LED array)
- 3. Each LED array has one anode terminal and three cathode terminals.

  The forward current(I<sub>F</sub>) of the anode terminal is 165mA and it supplies 55mA into three strings, respectively

19 (LED Pakage / 1string)



- 4. The forward voltage(V<sub>F</sub>) of LED array depends on ambient temperature (Appendix-III)
- 5.  $\Delta V_F$  means Max  $V_F$ -Min  $V_F$  in one Backlight. So  $V_F$  variation in a Backlight isn't over Max. 1.7V
- 6. Maximum level of power consumption is measured at initial turn on. Typical level of power consumption is measured after 1hrs aging at  $25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C.
- 7. The life time(MTTF) is determined as the time at which brightness of the LED is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical LED current on condition of continuous operating at  $25 \pm 2$ °C, based on duty 100%.
- 8. The reference method of burst dimming duty ratio.
  It is recommended to use synchronous V-sync frequency to prevent waterfall (Vsync x 1 =Burst Frequency)

Though PWM frequency is over 182Hz (max252Hz), function of backlight is not affected.

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#### 3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD module employs two kinds of interface connection, two 60-pin FFC connector are used for the module electronics and 12-pin,13-pin connectors are used for the integral backlight system.

#### 3-2-1. LCD Module

-LCD Connector (CN1): TF06L-60S-0.5SF (Manufactured by HRS) or Equivalent

Table 4-1. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

| No | Symbol    | Description                            | No | Symbol | Description                                |
|----|-----------|--|----|--------|--|
| 1  | GND       | Ground                                 | 31 | LLV3 - | Left Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(3-)         |
| 2  | LTD_OUT   | LTD OUTPUT                             | 32 | LLV3 + | Left Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(3+)         |
| 3  | GCLK1     | GIP GATE Clock 1                       | 33 | LCLK - | Left Mini LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)    |
| 4  | GCLK2     | GIP GATE Clock 2                       | 34 | LCLK + | Left Mini LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)    |
| 5  | GCLK3     | GIP GATE Clock 3                       | 35 | LLV2 - | Left Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(2-)         |
| 6  | GCLK4     | GIP GATE Clock 4                       | 36 | LLV2 + | Left Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(2+)         |
| 7  | GCLK5     | GIP GATE Clock 5                       | 37 | LLV1 - | Left Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(1-)         |
| 8  | GCLK6     | GIP GATE Clock 6                       | 38 | LLV1+  | Left Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(1+)         |
| 9  | VGI_N     | GIP Bi-Scan (Normal =VGL Rotate = VGH) | 39 | LLV0 - | Left Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(0-)         |
| 10 | VGI_P     | GIP Bi-Scan (Normal =VGH Rotate = VGL) | 40 | LLV0 + | Left Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(0+)         |
| 11 | VGH_ODD   | GIP Panel VDD for Odd GATE TFT         | 41 | GND    | Ground                                     |
| 12 | VGH_EVEN  | GIP Panel VDD for Even GATE TFT        | 42 | SOE    | Source Output Enable SIGNAL                |
| 13 | VGL       | GATE Low Voltage                       | 43 | POL    | Polarity Control Signal                    |
| 14 | VST       | VERTICAL START PULSE                   | 44 | GSP    | GATE Start Pulse                           |
| 15 | GND       | Ground                                 | 45 | H_CONV | "H" H 2dot Inversion/ "L" H 1dot Inversion |
| 16 | VCOM_L_FB | VCOM Left Feed-Back Output             | 46 | OPT_N  | "H" Normal Display / "L" Rotation Display  |
| 17 | VCOM_L    | VCOM Left Input                        | 47 | GND    | Ground                                     |
| 18 | GND       | Ground                                 | 48 | GMA 18 | GAMMA VOLTAGE 18 (Output From LCD)         |
| 19 | VDD       | Driver Power Supply Voltage            | 49 | GMA 16 | GAMMA VOLTAGE 16                           |
| 20 | VDD       | Driver Power Supply Voltage            | 50 | GMA 15 | GAMMA VOLTAGE 15                           |
| 21 | H_VDD     | Half Driver Power Supply Voltage       | 51 | GMA 14 | GAMMA VOLTAGE 14                           |
| 22 | H_VDD     | Half Driver Power Supply Voltage       | 52 | GMA 12 | GAMMA VOLTAGE 12                           |
| 23 | GND       | Ground                                 | 53 | GMA 10 | GAMMA VOLTAGE 10 (Output From LCD)         |
| 24 | VCC       | Logic Power Supply Voltage             | 54 | GMA 9  | GAMMA VOLTAGE 9 (Output From LCD)          |
| 25 | VCC       | Logic Power Supply Voltage             | 55 | GMA 7  | GAMMA VOLTAGE 7                            |
| 26 | GND       | Ground                                 | 56 | GMA 5  | GAMMA VOLTAGE 5                            |
| 27 | LLV5 -    | Left Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(5-)     | 57 | GMA 4  | GAMMA VOLTAGE 4                            |
| 28 | LLV5 +    | Left Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(5+)     | 58 | GMA 3  | GAMMA VOLTAGE 3                            |
| 29 | LLV4 -    | Left Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(4-)     | 59 | GMA 1  | GAMMA VOLTAGE 1 (Output From LCD)          |
| 30 | LLV4 +    | Left Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(4+)     | 60 | GND    | Ground                                     |

Note: 1. Please refer to application note for details.

(GIP & Half VDD & Gamma Voltage & H\_CONV setting)

2. These 'input signal' (OPT\_N,H\_CONV) should be connected

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-LCD Connector (CN2): TF06L-60S-0.5SF(Manufactured by HRS) or Equivalent

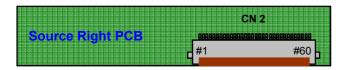
Table 4-2. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN2) PIN CONFIGURATION

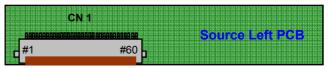
| No | Symbol | Description                                | No | Symbol    | Description                            |
|----|--------|--|----|-----------|--|
| 1  | GND    | Ground                                     | 31 | RLV1 -    | Right Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(1-)    |
| 2  | GMA 1  | GAMMA VOLTAGE 1 (Output From LCD)          | 32 | RLV1+     | Right Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(1+)    |
| 3  | GMA 3  | GAMMA VOLTAGE 3                            | 33 | RLV0 -    | Right Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(0-)    |
| 4  | GMA 4  | GAMMA VOLTAGE 4                            | 34 | RLV0+     | Right Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(0+)    |
| 5  | GMA 5  | GAMMA VOLTAGE 5                            | 35 | GND       | Ground                                 |
| 6  | GMA 7  | GAMMA VOLTAGE 7                            | 36 | VCC       | Logic Power Supply Voltage             |
| 7  | GMA 9  | GAMMA VOLTAGE 9 (Output From LCD)          | 37 | VCC       | Logic Power Supply Voltage             |
| 8  | GMA 10 | GAMMA VOLTAGE 10 (Output From LCD)         | 38 | GND       | Ground                                 |
| 9  | GMA 12 | GAMMA VOLTAGE 12                           | 39 | H_VDD     | Half Driver Power Supply Voltage       |
| 10 | GMA 14 | GAMMA VOLTAGE 14                           | 40 | H_VDD     | Half Driver Power Supply Voltage       |
| 11 | GMA 15 | GAMMA VOLTAGE 15                           | 41 | VDD       | Driver Power Supply Voltage            |
| 12 | GMA 16 | GAMMA VOLTAGE 16                           | 42 | VDD       | Driver Power Supply Voltage            |
| 13 | GMA 18 | GAMMA VOLTAGE 18 (Output From LCD)         | 43 | GND       | Ground                                 |
| 14 | GND    | Ground                                     | 44 | VCOM_R    | VCOM Right Input                       |
| 15 | OPT_N  | "H" Normal Display / "L" Rotation Display  | 45 | VCOM_R_FB | VCOM Right Feed-Back Output            |
| 16 | H_CONV | "H" H 2dot Inversion/ "L" H 1dot Inversion | 46 | GND       | Ground                                 |
| 17 | GSP    | GATE Start Pulse                           | 47 | VST       | VERTICAL START PULSE                   |
| 18 | POL    | Polarity Control Signal                    | 48 | VGL       | GATE Low Voltage                       |
| 19 | SOE    | Source Output Enable SIGNAL                | 49 | VGH_EVEN  | GIP Panel VDD for Even GATE TFT        |
| 20 | GND    | Ground                                     | 50 | VGH_ODD   | GIP Panel VDD for Odd GATE TFT         |
| 21 | RLV5 - | Right Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(5-)        | 51 | VGI_P     | GIP Bi-Scan (Normal =VGH Rotate = VGL) |
| 22 | RLV5 + | Right Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(5+)        | 52 | VGI_N     | GIP Bi-Scan (Normal =VGL Rotate = VGH) |
| 23 | RLV4 - | Right Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(4-)        | 53 | GCLK6     | GIP GATE Clock 6                       |
| 24 | RLV4 + | Right Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(4+)        | 54 | GCLK5     | GIP GATE Clock 5                       |
| 25 | RLV3 - | Right Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(3-)        | 55 | GCLK4     | GIP GATE Clock 4                       |
| 26 | RLV3 + | Right Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(3+)        | 56 | GCLK3     | GIP GATE Clock 3                       |
| 27 | LCLK - | Right Mini LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)   | 57 | GCLK2     | GIP GATE Clock 2                       |
| 28 | LCLK + | Right Mini LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)   | 58 | GCLK1     | GIP GATE Clock 1                       |
| 29 | RLV2 - | Right Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(2-)        | 59 | LTD_OUT   | LTD OUTPUT                             |
| 30 | RLV2+  | Right Mini LVDS Receiver Signal(2+)        | 60 | GND       | Ground                                 |

Note: 1. Please refer to application note for details

(GIP & Half VDD  $\stackrel{\cdot}{\&}$  Gamma Voltage & H\_CONV setting)

2. These 'input signal' (OPT\_N,H\_CONV) should be connected





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## 3-2-2. Backlight Module

[CN1] [CN2]

1) LED Array assy Connector (Plug)

: 20010HS-13 (manufactured by Yeonho) or equivalent

: 20010HS-12 (manufactured by Yeonho) or equivalent **2) Mating Connector (Receptacle)** 

2) Mating Connector (Receptacle)

1) LED Array assy Connector (Plug)

: 20010WR-12B1 (manufactured by Yeonho) or equivalent

: 20010WR-13B1 (manufactured by Yeonho) or equivalent

## Table 5. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION(CN1,CN2)

| No | Symbol       | Description        | Note     | No | Symbol       | Description        | Note |
|----|--------------|--------------------|----------|----|--------------|--------------------|------|
| 1  | #1 Anode     | LED Input Current  |          | 1  | #3 Anode     | LED Input Current  |      |
| 2  | N.C          | Open               |          | 2  | N.C          | Open               |      |
| 3  | #1-1 Cathode | LED Output Current |          | 3  | #3-1 Cathode | LED Output Current |      |
| 4  | #1-2 Cathode | LED Output Current |          | 4  | #3-2 Cathode | LED Output Current |      |
| 5  | #1-3 Cathode | LED Output Current |          | 5  | #3-3 Cathode | LED Output Current |      |
| 6  | N.C          | Open               |          | 6  | N.C          | Open               |      |
| 7  | N.C          | Open               |          | 7  | N.C          | Open               |      |
| 8  | #2-3Cathode  | LED Output Current |          | 8  | N.C          | Open               |      |
| 9  | #2-2 Cathode | LED Output Current |          | 9  | #4-3Cathode  | LED Output Current |      |
| 10 | #2-1 Cathode | LED Output Current |          | 10 | #4-2 Cathode | LED Output Current |      |
| 11 | N.C          | Open               |          | 11 | #4-1 Cathode | LED Output Current |      |
| 12 | #2 Anode     | LED Input Current  |          | 12 | N.C          | Open               |      |
|    |              | •                  | <u> </u> | 13 | #4 Anode     | LED Input Current  |      |



## 3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

**Table 6. Timing Requirements** 

| Parameter                    | Symbol     | Condition | Min | Тур | Max | Unit         | Note |
|------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|--------------|------|
| Mini Clock pulse period      | <b>T</b> 1 |           | 3.2 | 3.4 |     | ns           |      |
| Mini Clock pulse low period  | T2         |           | 1.6 | -   | -   | ns           |      |
| Mini Clock pulse high period | Тз         |           | 1.6 | -   | -   | ns           | 1    |
| Mini Data setup time         | T6         |           | 0.6 | -   | -   | ns           |      |
| Mini Data hold time          | <b>T</b> 7 |           | 0.6 | -   | -   | ns           |      |
| Reset low to SOE rising time | Т8         |           | 0   | -   | -   | ns           |      |
| SOE to Reset input time      | Т9         |           | 200 | -   | -   | ns           |      |
| Receiver off to SOE timing   | T10        |           | 10  | -   | -   | CLK<br>cycle |      |
| POL signal to SOE setup time | T11        |           | -5  | -   | -   | ns           |      |
| POL signal to SOE hold time  | T12        |           | 6   | -   | -   | ns           |      |
| Reset High Period            | T13        |           | 3   |     |     | CLK<br>cycle |      |
| SOE signal GSP setup time    | T14        |           | 100 |     |     | ns           |      |
| SOE signal GSP Hold time     | T15        |           | 100 |     |     | ns           |      |
| SOE signal Pulse Width       | T16        |           | 200 |     |     | ns           |      |

Note:

- 1. Mini-LVDS timing measure conditions
  - : 268MHz < Clock Frequency < 312MHz, 150mV < VID < 800mV @ 3.0 < VCC < 3.3
- 2. Setup time and hold time couldn't be satisfied at the same time

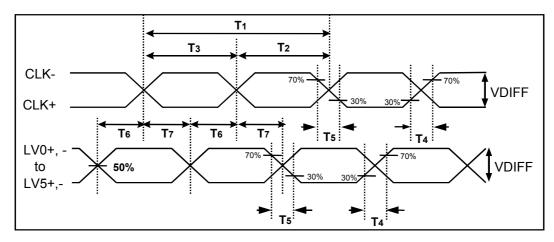


FIG 4. Source D-IC Input Data Latch Timing Waveform



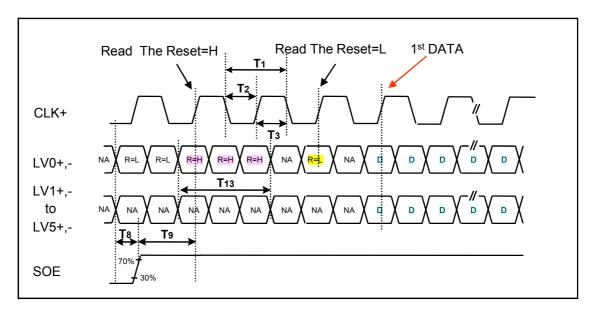


FIG 5-1. Input Data Timing for 1st Source D-IC Chip

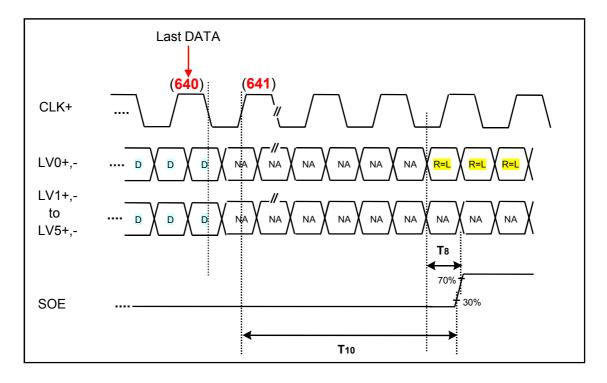


FIG 5-2. Last Data Latch to SOE Timing



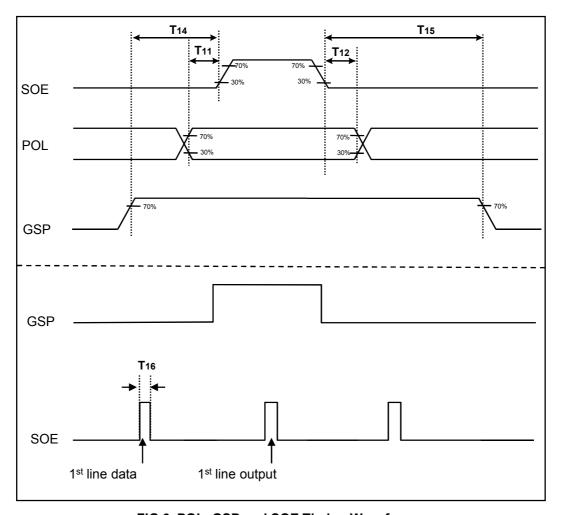


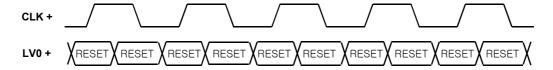
FIG 6. POL, GSP and SOE Timing Waveform



## 3-4. Data Mapping and Timing

Display data and control signal (RESET) are input to **LV0** to **LV5**.

## 3-4-1. Control signal input mode



## 3-4-2. Display data input mode

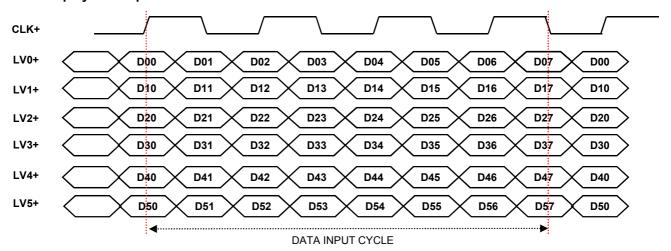


Fig. 7 Mini-LVDS Data

Note: 1. For data mapping, please refer to panel pixel structure Fig.8



## 3-5. Panel Pixel Structure

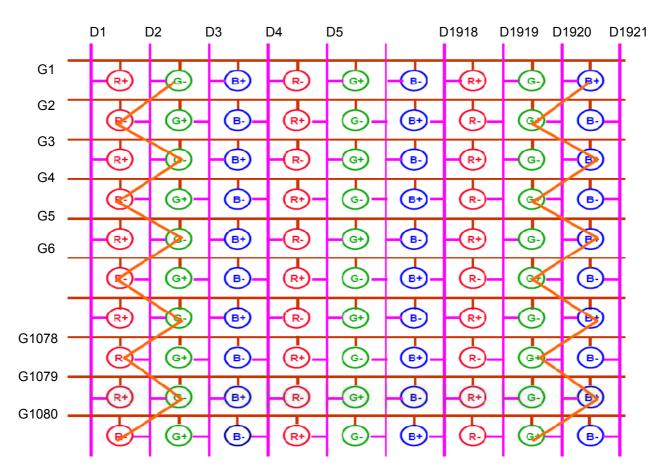
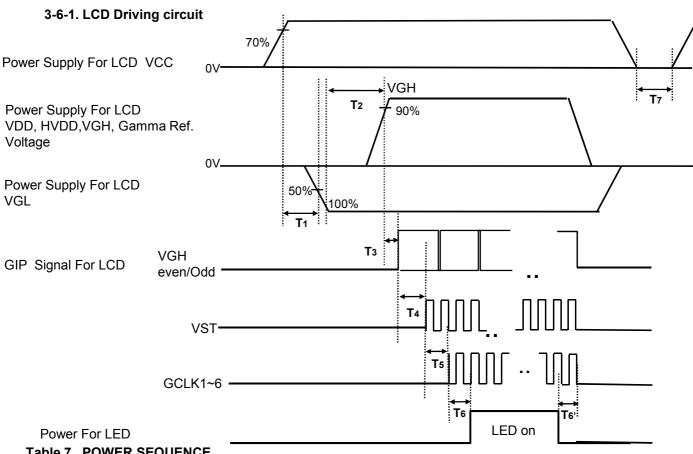


FIG. 8 Panel Pixel Structure



## 3-6. Power Sequence



**Table 7. POWER SEQUENCE** 

|                | Ta= 25±2°C | ), f∨=120Hz, Do | lk=74.25MHz |       |       |
|----------------|------------|-----------------|-------------|-------|-------|
| Doromotor      |            | Value           |             | 11.24 | Notes |
| Parameter -    | Min        | Тур             | Max         | Unit  | Notes |
| <b>T</b> 1     | 0.5        |                 | -           | ms    |       |
| T <sub>2</sub> | 0.5        |                 | -           | ms    |       |
| Тз             | 0          |                 | -           | ms    |       |
| T4             | 10         |                 | -           | ms    | 2     |
| Т5             | 0          |                 | -           | ms    |       |
| T6 / T6'       | 20         |                 | -           | ms    |       |
| T <sub>7</sub> | 2          |                 | _           | sec   |       |

1. Power sequence for Source D-IC must follow the Case1 & 2.

- \* Please refer to Appendix IV for more details.
- 2. VGH Odd signal should be started "High" status and VGH even & odd can not be "High at the same time.
- 3. Power Off Sequence order is reverse of Power On Condition including Source D-IC.
- 4. GCLK On/Off Sequence

Normal: GCLK4 → GCLK5 → GCLK6 → GCLK1 → GCLK2 → GCLK3. Reverse :GCLK3  $\rightarrow$  GCLK2  $\rightarrow$ GCLK1  $\rightarrow$  GCLK6  $\rightarrow$  GCLK5  $\rightarrow$  GCLK4.

5. VDD\_odd/even transition time should be within V\_blank

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## 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable in a dark environment at  $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. The values are specified at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\theta$  equal to 0 °.

It is presented additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method in FIG. 9.

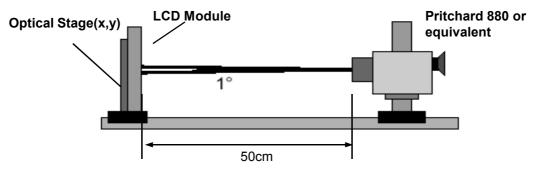


FIG. 9 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Ta=  $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C, VDD,H\_VDD,VGH,VGL=typ, fv=120Hz, Clk=297MHz, I<sub>F</sub> = 165mA (Typ)

**Table 8. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 

| Table 6. Of FIGAL STATAGE |                     |                       |       |        |              | 1 100111111       |       |
|---------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------|--------|--------------|-------------------|-------|
| Paran                     | neter               | Symbol                |       | Value  |              | Unit              | Note  |
| i ai ai                   | - i didilictei      |                       | Min   | Тур    | Max          | Offic             | 14016 |
| Contrast Ratio            |                     | CR                    | 1000  | 1400   | -            |                   | 1     |
| Surface Luminano          | e, white            | L <sub>WH</sub>       | 360   | 450    | -            | cd/m <sup>2</sup> | 2     |
| Luminance Variati         | on _                | δ <sub>WHITE</sub> 5P | -     | -      | 1.3          |                   | 3     |
| Deenenee Time             | Rising              | Tr                    | -     | 8      | 12           |                   | 4     |
| Response Time             | Falling             | Tf                    | -     | 10     | 14           | ms                | 4     |
|                           | DED                 | Rx                    |       | 0.647  |              |                   |       |
|                           | RED                 | Ry                    |       | 0.332  | ĺ            |                   |       |
| Color Coordinates         | ODEEN               | Gx                    |       | 0.309  |              |                   |       |
|                           | GREEN               | Gy                    | Тур   | 0.601  | Typ<br>+0.03 |                   |       |
| [CIE1931]                 | BLUE                | Bx                    | -0.03 | 0.149  |              |                   |       |
|                           | BLUE                | Ву                    |       | 0.059  |              |                   |       |
|                           | WHITE               | Wx                    |       | 0.279  |              |                   |       |
|                           | VVIIIIE             | Wy                    |       | 0.292  |              |                   |       |
| Color Temperature         |                     |                       |       | 10,000 |              | K                 |       |
| Color Gamut               |                     |                       |       | 72     |              | %                 |       |
| Viewing Angle (CF         | R>10)               |                       |       |        |              |                   |       |
| x axi                     | x axis, right(φ=0°) |                       | 89    | -      | -            |                   |       |
| x axis, left (φ=180°)     |                     | θΙ                    | 89    | -      | -            | dograa            | _     |
| y axi                     | s, up (φ=90°)       | θи                    | 89    | -      | -            | degree            | 5     |
| y axi                     | s, down (φ=270°)    | θd                    | 89    | -      | -            |                   |       |
| Gray Scale                |                     |                       | -     | -      | -            |                   | 6     |

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Note: 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as:

Surface Luminance at all white pixels

Surface Luminance at all black pixels

It is measured at center 1-point.

- 2. Surface luminance is determined after the unit has been 'ON' and 1Hour after lighting the backlight in a dark environment at 25±2°C. Surface luminance is the luminance value at center 1-point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see the FIG. 10.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance ,  $\delta$  WHITE is defined as :  $\delta$  WHITE(5P) = Maximum(L<sub>on1</sub>,L<sub>on2</sub>, L<sub>on3</sub>, L<sub>on4</sub>, L<sub>on5</sub>) / Minimum(L<sub>on1</sub>,L<sub>on2</sub>, L<sub>on3</sub>, L<sub>on4</sub>, L<sub>on5</sub>) Where L<sub>on1</sub> to L<sub>on5</sub> are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 5 locations . For more information, see the FIG. 10.
- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transit from G(255) to G(0) (Rise Time,  $Tr_R$ ) and from G(0) to G(255) (Decay Time,  $Tr_D$ ).
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface. For more information, see the FIG. 12.
- Gray scale specificationGamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information, see the Table 9.

**Table 9. GRAY SCALE SPECIFICATION** 

| Gray Level | Luminance [%] (Typ) |
|------------|---------------------|
| L0         | 0.07                |
| L15        | 0.27                |
| L31        | 1.04                |
| L47        | 2.49                |
| L63        | 4.68                |
| L79        | 7.66                |
| L95        | 11.5                |
| L111       | 16.1                |
| L127       | 21.6                |
| L143       | 28.1                |
| L159       | 35.4                |
| L175       | 43.7                |
| L191       | 53.0                |
| L207       | 63.2                |
| L223       | 74.5                |
| L239       | 86.7                |
| L255       | 100                 |

|          | Gray Level | Gamma Ref. |
|----------|------------|------------|
|          | L0         | Gamma9     |
|          | L1         | Gamma8     |
|          | L31        | Gamma7     |
| Positive | L63        | Gamma6     |
| Voltage  | L127       | Gamma5     |
|          | L191       | Gamma4     |
|          | L223       | Gamma3     |
|          | L255       | Gamma1     |
|          | L255       | Gamma18    |
|          | L223       | Gamma16    |
|          | L191       | Gamma15    |
| Negative | L127       | Gamma14    |
| Voltage  | L63        | Gamma13    |
|          | L31        | Gamma12    |
|          | L1         | Gamma11    |
|          | L0         | Gamma10    |



Measuring point for surface luminance & luminance variation

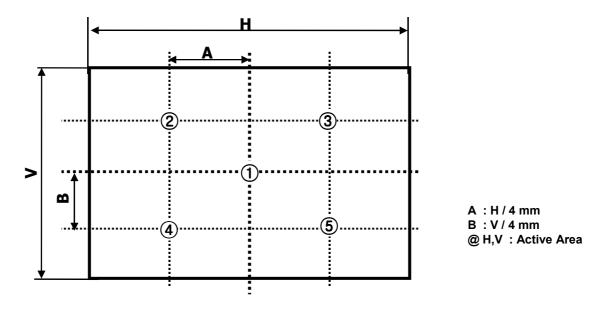


FIG. 10 5 Points for Luminance Measure

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Gray(M)".

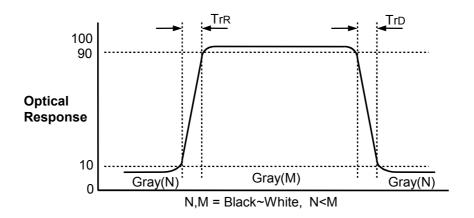


FIG. 11 Response Time

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## Dimension of viewing angle range

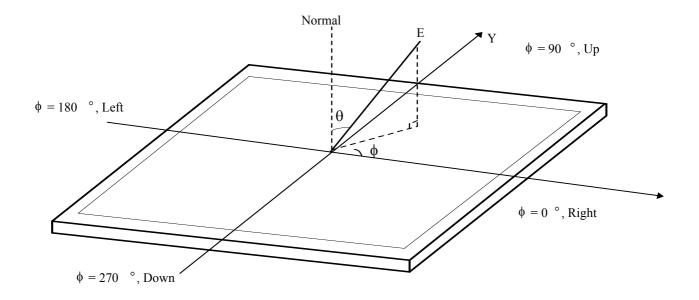


FIG.12 Viewing Angle

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## 5. Mechanical Characteristics

Table 10 provides general mechanical characteristics.

Table 10. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

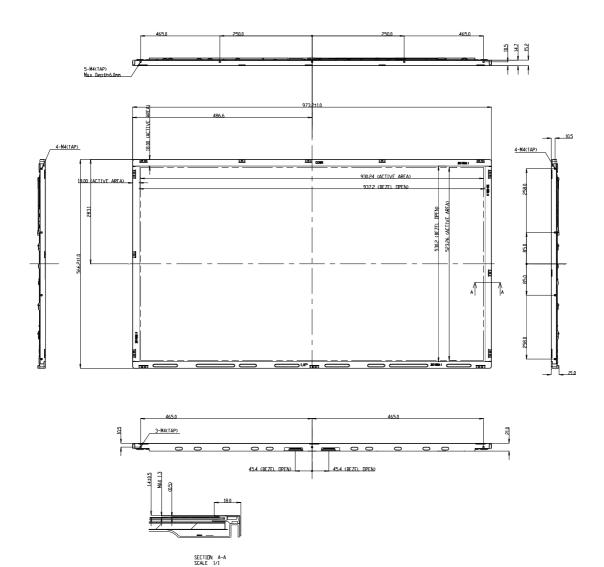
| Item                | Val        | ue        |
|---------------------|------------|-----------|
|                     | Horizontal | 973.2 mm  |
| Outline Dimension   | Vertical   | 566.2 mm  |
|                     | Depth      | 10.8 mm   |
| Daniel Associ       | Horizontal | 937.2 mm  |
| Bezel Area          | Vertical   | 530.2 mm  |
| Antice Display Appa | Horizontal | 930.24 mm |
| Active Display Area | Vertical   | 523.26 mm |
| Weight              | 11.1 Kg    |           |

Note: Please refer to a mechanical drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

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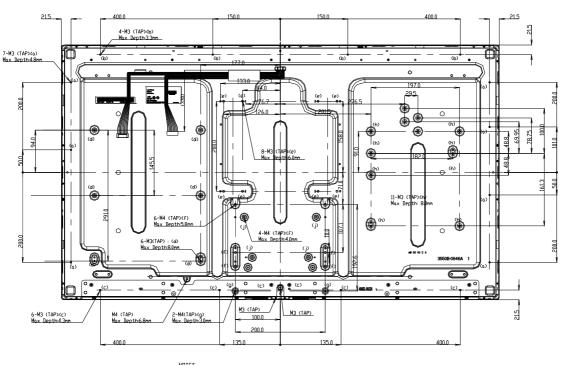
# [FRONT VIEW]



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## [REAR VIEW]

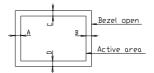


ULES ...
MINSPECIFIED TOLERANCE IS ±0.5MM
MINSPECIFIED TOLERANCE IS ±0.5MM
TILLT AND PARTIAL DISPOSITION TOLERANCE OF DISPLAY AREA AS FOLLOWING.
D Y-DIRECTION 1 d-B t \$\frac{1}{2}\$

2) X-DIRECTION 1 d-B t \$\frac{1}{2}\$

(5) X-DIRECTION 1 c-D t \$\frac{1}{2}\$

(5) MASONAMO 1 TAP MAX Torque Oblegico



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## 6. Reliability

**Table 11. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION** 

| No. | Test Item                             | Condition  |
|-----|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1   | High temperature storage test         | Ta= 60°C 240h  |
| 2   | Low temperature storage test          | Ta= -20°C 240h   |
| 3   | High temperature operation test       | Ta= 50°C 50%RH 240h  |
| 4   | Low temperature operation test        | Ta= 0°C 240h   |
| 5   | Vibration test<br>(non-operating)     | Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0Grms Bandwidth : 10-300Hz Duration : X,Y,Z, 30 min Each direction per 10 min     |
| 6   | Shock test<br>(non-operating)         | Shock level : 50Grms   Waveform : half sine wave, 11ms   Direction : $\pm$ X, $\pm$ Y, $\pm$ Z   One time each direction |
| 7   | Humidity condition Operation          | Ta= 40 °C ,90%RH   |
| 8   | Altitude operating storage / shipment | 0 - 15,000 ft<br>0 - 40,000 ft   |

Note: Before and after Reliability test, LCM should be operated with normal function.

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## 7. International Standards

## 7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60065, Seventh Edition, Underwriters Laboratories Inc. Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus - Safety Requirements.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60065:03, Canadian Standards Association. Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus Safety Requirements.
- c) EN 60065:2002 + A11:2008, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC). Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus Safety Requirements.
- d) IEC 60065:2005 + A1:2005, The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC). Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus Safety Requirements. (Including report of IEC60825-1:2001 clause 8 and clause 9)

#### Notes

1. Laser (LED Backlight) Information

Class 1M LED Product IEC60825-1: 2001 Embedded LED Power (Class1M) Power: 6.5896 mW (Max.) Wavelength: 277 ~526 (nm) Width: 1.6 x 0.6 (mm)

#### 2. Caution

: LED inside.

Class 1M laser (LEDs) radiation when open.

Do not open while operating.

## 7-2. Environment

a) RoHS, Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the council of 27 January 2003 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment

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## 8. Packing

# 8-1. Information of LCM Label

a) Lot Mark

| Α | В | С | D | Е | F | G | Н | I | J | К | L | М |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

A,B,C: SIZE(INCH)

E: MONTH  $F \sim M$ : SERIAL NO.

## Note

## 1. YEAR

| Year | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Mark | 1    | 2    | 3    | 4    | 5    | 6    | 7    | 8    | 9    | 0    |

## 2. MONTH

| Month | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Mark  | 1   | 2   | 4   | 4   | 5   | 6   | 7   | 8   | 9   | Α   | В   | С   |

D : YEAR

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#### 9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

## 9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using specified mounting holes (Details refer to the drawings).
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to t
  - module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

#### 9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)

  And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw. (if not, it can causes conductive particles and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.
- (10) The conductive material and signal cables are kept away from LED driver inductor to prevent abnormal display, sound noise and temperature rising.

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## 9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

## 9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

## 9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

  It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

## 9-6. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

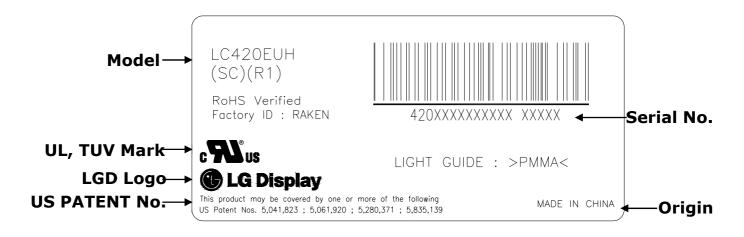
- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

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## # APPENDIX- I

## ■ LC420EUH-SCR1-LCM Label



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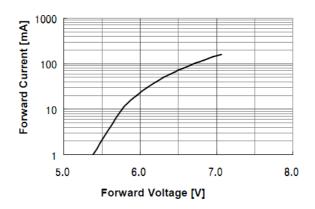


## # APPENDIX-III

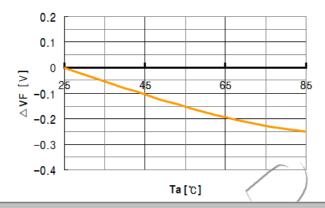
# ■ LED Array Electrical Spec

| Items                   | Symbol         | Condition   | Min    | Тур    | Max   | Unit |
|-------------------------|----------------|---|--------|--------|-------|------|
| A                       | $V_{F}$        | I <sub>FM</sub> =165mA  | 110.2  | 117.8  | 125.4 | ٧    |
| Array Operating Voltage | △Vop *2)       | I <sub>FM</sub> =165mA  | -      | -      | 1.7   | ٧    |
| Luminous of White       | lv             | I <sub>FM</sub> =165mA  | 11,020 | 11,600 | -     | nit  |
| Color Chromaticity      | C <sub>X</sub> | I <sub>FM</sub> =165mA  | 0.250  | 0.258  | 0.266 |      |
| Color Chromaticity      | C <sub>Y</sub> | I <sub>FM</sub> =165mA  | 0.200  | 0.208  | 0.216 |      |
| Bright Uniformity *3)   | Bu             | I <sub>FM</sub> =165mA  | 90     | -      | -     | %    |
| Color Uniformity *4)    | △u'v'          | I <sub>FM</sub> =165mA  | -      | -      | 0.007 | ·    |
| Life time               |                | $T_J \leq 70{}^{\circ}\!$ | 30,000 | 50,000 | -     | hrs  |

## **■** Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage



# ■ Ambient Temperature vs. Forward Voltage



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## # APPENDIX- III

# ■ Local Dimming Block Pin Matching

# [ CN2 ]

| Pin No | Block |
|--------|-------|
| 1      | Vo_2  |
| 2      | N.C   |
| 3      | A6    |
| 4      | A5    |
| 5      | A4    |
| 6      | N.C   |
| 7      | N.C   |
| 8      | N.C   |
| 9      | A3    |
| 10     | A2    |
| 11     | A1    |
| 12     | N.C   |
| 13     | Vo_2  |

| A1         A2         A3         A4         A5         A6           B1         B2         B3         B4         B5         B6 | #4-1 | #4-2              | #4-3 | #3-3 | #3-2 | #3-1 |
|---|------|-------------------|------|------|------|------|
|   |      |                   | T-c  | on   | Fr   | ont  |
| B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6   | A1   | A2                | A3   | A4   | A5   | A6   |
|   | B1   | B2                | В3   | B4   | B5   | В6   |
| #1-1 #1-2 #1-3 #2-3 #2-2 #2-1   | #1-1 | #1 <del>-</del> 2 | #1-3 | #2-3 | #2-2 | #2-1 |

| #2-1 | #2-2 | #2-3 | #1-3 | #1-2 | #1-1 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|
|      |      |      |      | Fr   | ont  |
| В6   | B5   | B4   | В3   | B2   | B1   |
| A6   | A5   | A4   | A3   | A2   | A1   |
|      |      |      | on   |      |      |
| #3-1 | #3-2 | #3-3 | #4-3 | #4-2 | #4-1 |

# [ CN1]

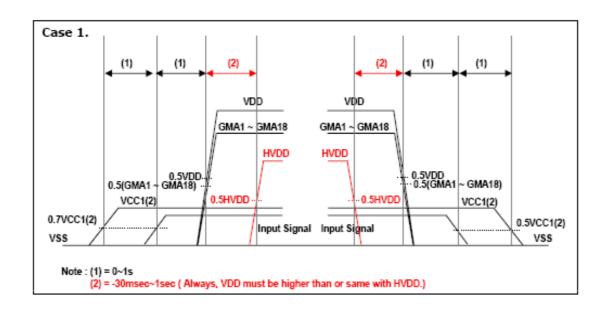
|        | 4     |
|--------|-------|
| Pin No | Block |
| 1      | Vo_1  |
| 2      | N.C   |
| 3      | В6    |
| 4      | B5    |
| 5      | B4    |
| 6      | N.C   |
| 7      | N.C   |
| 8      | В3    |
| 9      | B2    |
| 10     | B1    |
| 11     | N.C   |
| 12     | Vo_1  |

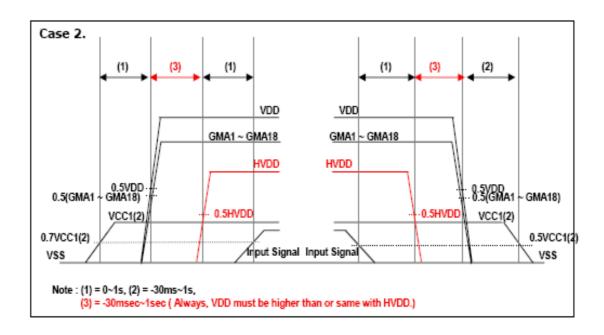
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#### **#APPENDIX-IV**

■ LC420EUH-SCR1-Source D-IC Power Sequence





- Input Signal: SOE,POL,GSP,H\_CONV,OPT\_N

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